



Data Structures and Algorithms.

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Unit 4 – Recursion

Problem 1: Write a recursive method for finding the minimum element in a list of integers.

Problem 2: Write a recursive method that determines if a string s is a palindrome, that is, it is equal to its reverse. For example, racecar and gohangasalamiimalasagnahog are palindromes.

Problem 3: Write a recursive method that takes an integer and returns the sum of its digits (for example, for $n=2356$, the method should return $2+3+5+6=16$). Hint: $2356/10=235$, $235/10=23$, $23/10=2$.

Problem 4: Write a recursive method that takes a list of integers and checks if the list is sorted (ascending order). For example if $a=[3,4,5,2]$, $\text{checkSort}(a)=\text{False}$, $a=[3,4,5,7]$, $\text{checkSort}(a)=\text{True}$

Problem 5: Write a recursive method that takes two integers x and y and returns x times y by using the russian method. This russian method consists of :

- 1) Make two columns. Write the largest number in the first column, and the smallest in the second.
- 2) In the first column, divide the number by 2 repeatedly until to get to 1. In the second column, multiply the number by 2 until you have the same rows than in the first column.
- 3) Cross out the rows whose value in the first column is an even number ($x \% 2 == 0$)
- 4) Add the values in the second columns. The result is the answer.

For example, $17 \times 100 = 1700$

17	100
8	200
4	400
2	800
1	1600

=1700