# Universidad Carlos III de Madrid Departamento de Matemáticas uc3m

# INTEGRATION AND MEASURE

Intermediate Control 2

Time: 100 minutes

#### Problem 1 (2,5 points)

- a) (1 point) Let  $X = \{a, b, c, d\}$ . Construct the  $\sigma$ -algebra generated by  $\mathcal{E} = \{\{a\}\}$  and  $\mathcal{E} = \{\{a\}, \{b\}\}.$
- b) (1,5 points) Let  $E \in \mathcal{A}$  be a fixed measurable subset of X. We define  $\mu_E(A) = \mu(A \cap E)$ for any  $A \in \mathcal{A}$ . Using that  $\mu$  is a measure in X, prove that  $\mu_E$  is also a measure in X.

## Problem 2 (2,5 points)

- a) (1 point) State the monotone convergence theorem.
- b) (1.5 points) Prove that the function  $f(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}$  if  $x \in (0,1]$ , and f(0) = 0, is Lebesgue-integrable in [0, 1] and calculate its integral.

## Problem 3 (3 points)

- a) (1 point) State the dominated convergence theorem.
- b) (2 points) Using this last theorem, compute the limit

$$\lim_{n \to \infty} \int_0^n \left( 1 - \frac{x}{n} \right)^n e^{x/2} dx \, .$$

**Problem 4** (2 points) Let us consider the measure space  $(\mathbb{N}, \mathcal{P}(\mathbb{N}), \mu)$ , with  $\mu$  the counting measure and the product measure space  $(\mathbb{N} \times \mathbb{N}, \mathcal{P}(\mathbb{N} \times \mathbb{N}), \mu \otimes \mu)$ . Let us define the function

$$g(m,n) = \begin{cases} 1+2^{-m} & \text{if} & m=n, \\ -1-2^{-m} & \text{if} & m=n+1, \\ 0 & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases}$$

Check that  $\int_{\mathbb{N}} (\int_{\mathbb{N}} f(m,n) d\mu(m)) d\mu(n)$ , and  $\int_{\mathbb{N}} (\int_{\mathbb{N}} f(m,n) d\nu(n)) d\mu(m)$ ) exist and are distinct and that  $\int_{\mathbb{N}\times\mathbb{N}} |f(m,n)| d(\mu \otimes \mu)(m,n) = \infty$ . What is the relevance of this result?